



Lake Erie Permitting Tips for Submitting Better Applications

Lisa M. Czechowicz, DEC Region 9, Regional Permit Administrator Lake Erie Shoreline Erosion Workshop July 26, 2024

DEC Lake Erie Permitting Options

- General Permit 0-20-004
 - "Great Lakes Erosion Control General Permit"
- Individual Permit
- Emergency Authorization





General Permit 0-20-004

- Repair and in-kind replacement of existing functional erosion protection structures. The repair or replacement of these structures must not extend waterward of the pre-existing footprint, except where the Department accepts an applicant's demonstration that minor deviations are necessary for the stability of the structure. Increase in structure height may be approved if appropriate. Replacement structures must be adequately sized and designed.
- New sloped rock revetments (≤100') along CEHA bluffs or non-CEHA areas that are necessary for the protection of existing and functional dwellings. Slope and height limits apply.
- Repair or reconstruction of existing public roads, bridges, utilities and other public infrastructure.
- Emergency repair of functional concrete or steel vertical breakwalls along bluffs and non-CEHA areas by installation of sheet piling immediately adjacent to lakeward vertical face.

General Permit 0-20-004 (Continued)

- Minor grading back of scarped bluffs to a stable slope. Project must include approved vegetation plan. Toe stone for stabilization may be allowed in specific circumstances.
- Repair or reconstruction of docks, catwalks and floats that were functional on April 1, 2017.
- Stabilization of existing functional storm-damaged dwellings, decks and walkways with temporary bracing and pilings.
- Repair or reconstruction of elevated walk ways or stairways necessary for water access. The stairs and landings shall be a maximum of 4 feet in width and constructed a minimum of 18 inches above grade over the dune/bluff face.
- Removal of channel blockages on Lake Ontario tributaries.
- Removal of debris by use of motorized equipment.





General Permit Application

Submit the following:

- Completed GP-0-20-004 Application
- Submit current photos (historic photos helpful in some cases)
- Project Plans (both a site plan and cross section)
- If project meets General Permit criteria, no need to send application to USACE or NYSDOS



GP-0-20-004 Application Form

Department of Environmental Conservation

Application for General Permit and NYSDEC Authorization

Name of Applicant:				
Applicant must beproperty owner,lessee	oroperator (check which a	applies).		
Email:		Phone:		
Mailing Address: Street:	City:	State:	Zip:	
Name of Property Owner (if different from a	applicant):			
Email:		Phone:		
Mailing Address: Street:	City:	State:	Zip:	
Application Contact or Contractor (if app	licable):			
Email:		Phone:		
Mailing Address: Street:	City:	State:	Zip:	
Project Location (where work will be done):				
Town (where property taxes paid):		County:		
Street Address:	City:	State: NY	Zip:	
Required Attachments (check each both controls)		hment is provided with the	his form):	
Project Location Map (with location mark	arked) Project Drawing – Overhead view (plan view)			
Project Site Photos	Project Drawin	g – Side view (Cross-se	ction)	
Type of Project (check all that apply – Repair and in-kind replacement of existing f	functional erosion protection s e pre-existing footprint, excep	t where the Department ac	cepts an applican	
structures must not extend waterward of the demonstration that minor deviations are nec approved if appropriate. Replacement struc New stone necessary for the stabilization of	tures must be adequately siz	-	es along CEHA blu	

stabilization of existing and functional dwellings. Structures must be no greater than 100 feet in length and 10 feet in height and must be sloped no steeper than 1.5H to 1V and not extend waterward of the existing shoreline, or the shoreline as it existed immediately prior to a discrete erosion event no more than 6 months prior to the time of permit

- application. Stone must be sized appropriately and placed as close to the toe of the slope as possible. Not applicable along beach or dune CEHA shorelines.
- Emergency repair of functional concrete or steel vertical breakwalls along bluffs or non-CEHA areas, by installation of sheet piling immediately adjacent to the existing lakeward vertical face. Not applicable along beach or dune CEHA sheetings.
- Repair or in-kind reconstruction of existing public roads, bridges, utilities and other public infrastructure
- __ Stabilization of existing functional storm-damaged dwellings, decks and walkways with temporary bracing and pilings.
- Repair or in-kind reconstruction of elevated walkways or stairways necessary for water access. The stairs and landings shall be a maximum of 4 feet in width and constructed a minimum of 18 inches above grade over the dune/bluff face.
- __ Minor grading back of the top of scarped bluffs landward to a stable slope. Project must include an approved vegetation plan. Toe stone for stabilization may be allowed in specific circumstances.
- Removal of debris by use of motorized equipment.
- Temporary installation of sandbags or other Department approved temporary flood protection devices located above MHW. Sandbags may be conventional or large (cubic yard or larger).
- Removal of channel blockages of streams tributary to Lake Ontario and Lake Erie blocked by shoreline sediment or other natural-deposited materials. Application must include a disposal plan.
- Repair or in-kind reconstruction of previously authorized docks, catwalks and floats located within CEHA areas and within DEC regulated freshwater wetlands or wetland adjacent areas.
- New shoreline stabilization measures that consist predominately of vegetative stabilization or bioengineering techniques. Structures must be no greater than 200 feet in length and 10 feet in height and must be sloped no steeper than 1.5H to 1V and not extend waterward of the existing shoreline, or the shoreline as it existed immediately prior to a discrete erosion event no more than 6 months prior to the time of permit application. Stone or other materials must be sized appropriately and placed as close to the toe of the slope as possible.

Certification:

I hereby apply for authorization under General Permit GP-0-20-004. I have read General Permit GP-0-20-004 and will construct and operate this project in strict compliance with the approved plans and terms and conditions of this permit as well as the Environmental Conservation Law and applicable regulations. I understand that any false or inaccurate statements made in the application for this permit are punishable as a Class A misdemeanor. As a condition of this permit, I accept full legal responsibility for all damage, direct or indirect, of whatever nature, and by whonever suffers, dising out of the project described herein and agree to indemnify and save harmless the state from suits, actions, danages, and costs of every name and description resulting from this project. I hereby consent to Agency inspection of the project site and adjacent areas on the property. Agency staff may enter the property without notice between 7:00 am and 7:00 pm, Monday - Friday, Inspection may occur without the owner, applicant or agent present. If the property is posted with "keep out" signs or fenced with an unlocked gate, Agency staff may still enter the property. Agency staff may take measurements, analyze site physical characteristics, take soil and vegetation samples, sketch and photograph the site. I understand that failure to give this consent may result in denial of the permit(s) sought by this application.

Applicant Signature	Date		operty Owner Signature different than applicant)	Date
DEPARTMENT AUTHORIZATION (FOR A	AGENCY USE ONLY):			
AUTHORIZED NYSDEC SIGNATURE and	d DATE:		PRINT NAME and TITLE:	
DEC NO:				
PERMIT EFFECTIVE DATE:			PERMIT EXPIRATION DATE:	
AUTHORIZATION TYPE(\$): 6 NYCRR 608; Article 15, Title 5 6 NYCRR 608; Water Quality Co		_	6 NYCRR 663; Article 24, Fr 6 NYCRR 505; Coast Erosic	
	cation Map her:	- 1	DISTRIBUTION: cc: Regional DEP Regional BEH	COE CEHA



Individual Permit

When are they required?

Most new erosion protection structures including:

- Rip Rap/Revetments
- Stepped Block Walls
- Fill within regulated wetlands
- Structures with CEHA

What is required?

Joint Application

Environmental Assessment Form

Photos

Project Plans

Copies are submitted by the applicant to:

- NYSDEC
- NYSDOS
- USACE



Emergency Authorization

- Issued in accordance with 6 NYCRR Part 621.12 (UPA)
- Must be immediate threat to life, health, general welfare, property, or natural resources.
- Department can only authorize the minimum work necessary to overcome the emergency
- Authorization valid for 30 days
- What is needed?



Article 15 Protection of Waters Permit

All Protection of Waters Permit applications must meet the following standards:

- the proposal is reasonable and necessary;
- the proposal will not endanger the health, safety or welfare of the people of the State of New York; and
- the proposal will not cause unreasonable, uncontrolled or unnecessary damage to the natural resources of the State, including soil, forests, water, fish, shellfish, crustaceans and aquatic and land-related environment.



Article 24 Wetlands and Part 182 Endangered/Threatened Species Permitting

- Avoid and minimize impacts
- Evaluate alternatives
- Demonstrate this is the only practicable alternative
- Mitigate unavoidable impacts



Permitting Resources

- General Permit 0-20-004 Great Lakes Erosion Control <u>https://dec.ny.gov/regulatory/permits-licenses/general-permits/great-lakes-erosion-control</u>
- Permit Application Forms
 https://dec.ny.gov/regulatory/permits-licenses/environmental-permits/forms-requirements
- Emergency Authorizations
 https://dec.ny.gov/regulatory/permits-licenses/emergency-

authorizations-and-declarations

Thank You

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Regional Permit Administrator

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Coastal Erosion Hazard Area Permitting

Tips for Submitting Better Applications

Beth Geldard, P.E., Western Flood Hub, Division of Water Lake Erie Shoreline Erosion Workshop July 26, 2024

Coastal Erosion Hazard Area (CEHA) Program

Article 34 and 6 NYCRR Part 505

Purpose and intent is to:

- Protect and preserve natural protective features
- Limit development and protect structures from damage





Department of Environmental Conservation

Where are Coastal Erosion Hazard Areas?

Nearly all activities require permits

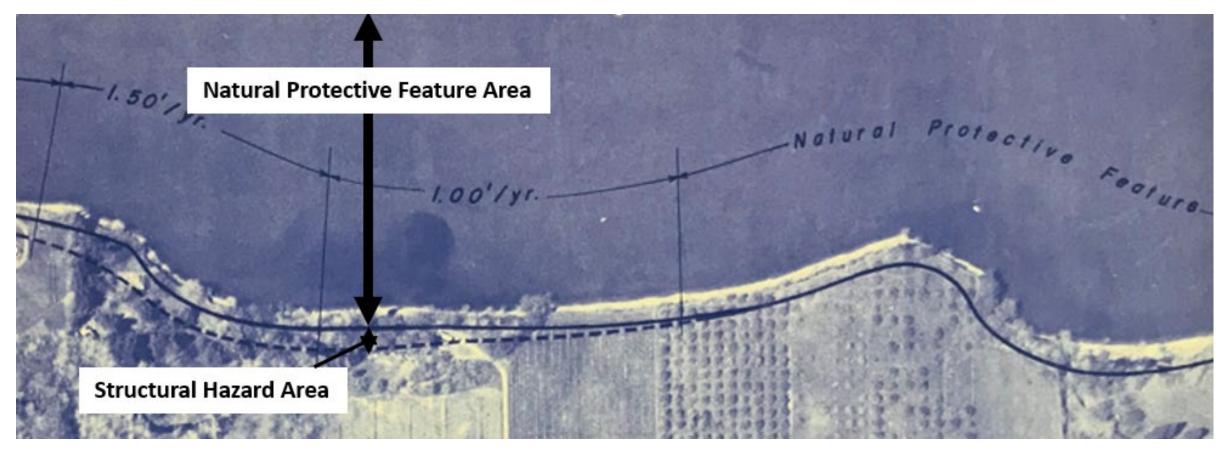


All Coastal Erosion Hazard Area maps can be downloaded at https://www.dec.ny.gov/fs/projects/coastal/

Town of Sheridan: James Crowell, Code Enforcement Officer Town of Dunkirk: Ryan Mourer, Code Enforcement Officer

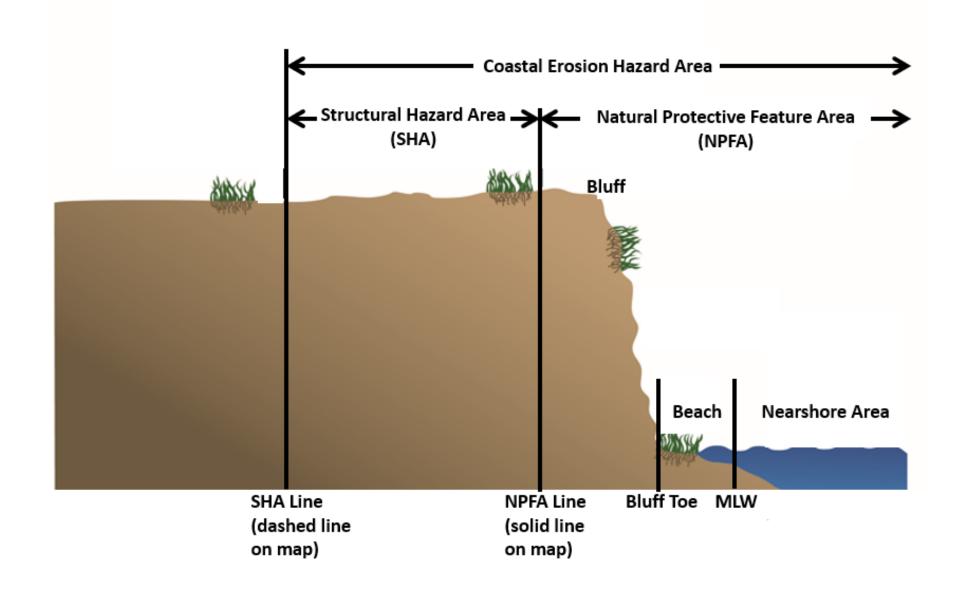


Coastal Erosion Hazard Area Map





Typical Bluff Cross Section





Coastal Erosion Hazard Area (CEHA) Program

A permit can only be issued provided that the proposed regulated activity:

- Is reasonable and necessary
- Considers alternatives to the proposed activity
- Will not likely cause a measurable increase in erosion
- Prevents or minimizes adverse effects





Erosion Protection Alternatives





Erosion Protection Alternatives

No Action



Non-Structural



Natural and Nature Based



Hard Structural







Nature-based



Hard structural



Permit Application Requirements





Information to Include:

- 1) Permit application form (General Permit or Joint Application Form)
- 2) Location map and aerial photo (Google Maps or Bing Maps)
- 3) Stamped and signed survey
- 4) Project description
- 5) Written description of how you meet permit issuance standards
 - a) Why is the project needed?
 - b) Have you considered reasonable alternatives?
 - c) Will your project cause a measurable increase in erosion at the proposed site or at other locations?
- 6) Recent photos of project site



Information to Include (continued):

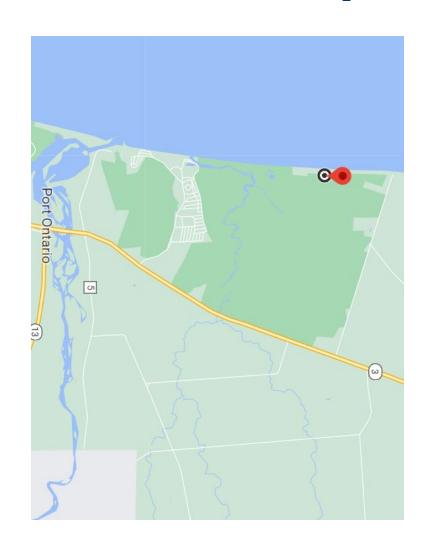
- 7) Description of construction methods and materials
 - Access route
 - Debris/structure removal prior to work commencement
 - Quantity of material to be removed and disposal location
 - Material placement methods
 - Equipment
 - Quantity of material to be used above and below MHWL
- 8) Project plans (site plan and cross-section plan)
- 9) Planting plan
- 10) Long-term maintenance plan



Permit Application Example



Location Map, Aerial Photo, and Survey







There is an existing 3 ft high concrete wall that will be replaced with a 11 ft high stone revetment. The remaining top of bluff will be graded and planted with vegetation. The stone revetment will sit slightly closer to the bottom of bluff then the existing concrete wall and all new material placed will be above Mean High Water.





Permit Issuance Standards

<u>Justification:</u> The property has an existing concrete wall that has been overtopped and undermined due to high water and wave action. Prior to 2017, there was 28 ft of land between the house and edge of bluff. The high water has cause substantial erosion and has put the house at risk. The bluff is now near vertical and there is only 14 ft of land between the house and the top edge of bluff. The stone revetment is needed to protect the house from damages caused by erosion.

<u>Alternatives:</u> Due to limited space on the lot and the increased erosion rates, moving the structure landward was not considered a viable alternative. Nature-based solutions that were evaluated included bluff planting, slope grading and a single row of toe stone. These alternatives were evaluated but given the current lake level and recent storm events, these alternatives alone would likely not last long-term. Given the proximity of the house to the eroding edge and the amount of erosion that occurred, a stone revetment along the bottom of bluff with vegetation planted above the stone is the preferred alternative.

Adverse Impacts: The property to the south has an existing stone revetment that the proposed revetment will tie into. The property to the north has an unprotected, natural shoreline. The revetment will only be placed immediately in front of the house and will not extend to the north property boundary to minimize adverse effects to the north adjacent shoreline. The north end section will be sloped into the bluff to further minimize adverse impacts.

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Site Photos



Looking to the South



Looking to the South



Looking to the North



Construction Methods and Materials

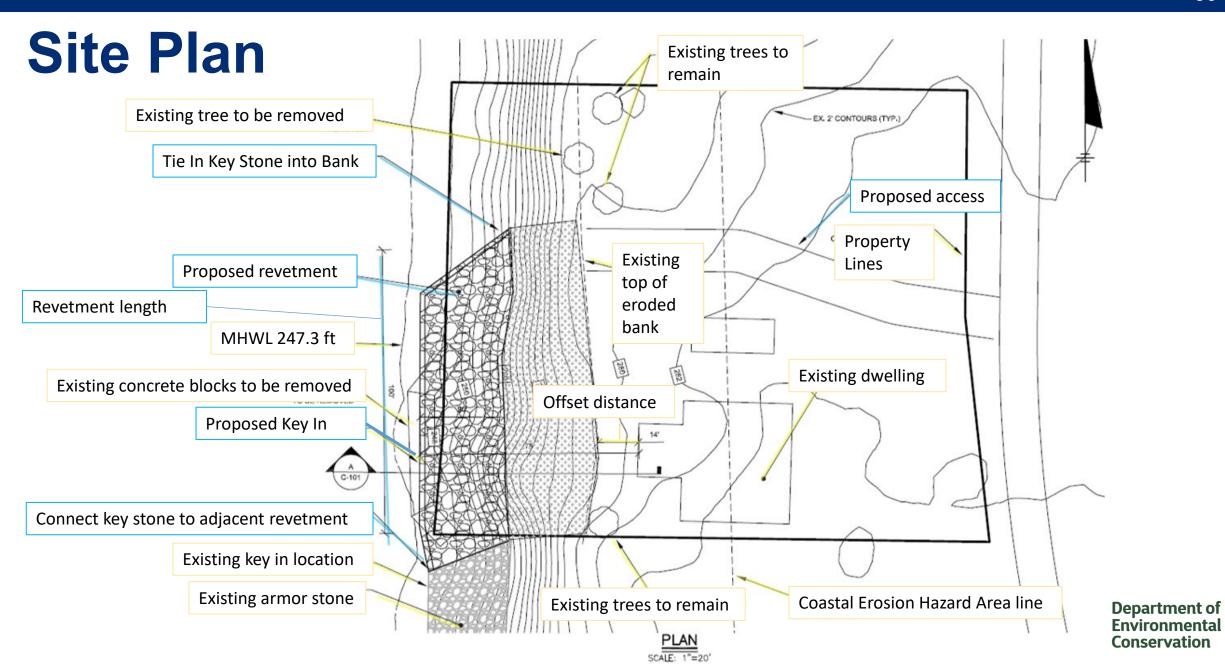
Access route – The contractor will access the project area from the applicant's property. The contractor will track an excavator down the bluff slope and will conduct work from the beach.

Debris/structure removal and disposal location – The existing concrete will be broken into small sections and removed from the shoreline. All concrete debris will be disposed of in an approved upland location.

Equipment and material placement methods – Following the concrete removal, geotextile fabric will be placed on the eroding edge and then the toe stone will be keyed in. The setting stone and armor stone will be installed working from the bottom to the top of slope. The large toe and armor stone will be individually placed by the excavator and not dumped down the bluff slope. The individual toe stone size will be 3-4 ton and the individual armor stone size will be 2-3 ton. Stone will be irregular in shape and the largest stones will be placed on the surface. The armor stone layer will be a minimum of 36 inches thick. The setting stone will be a mix of sizes ranging from 100 to 500 pounds each. The setting stone layer will be a minimum of 1 to 1.5 ft thick. Once the stonework is complete, topsoil will be installed above the armor stone and seeded with a native steep slope mix.

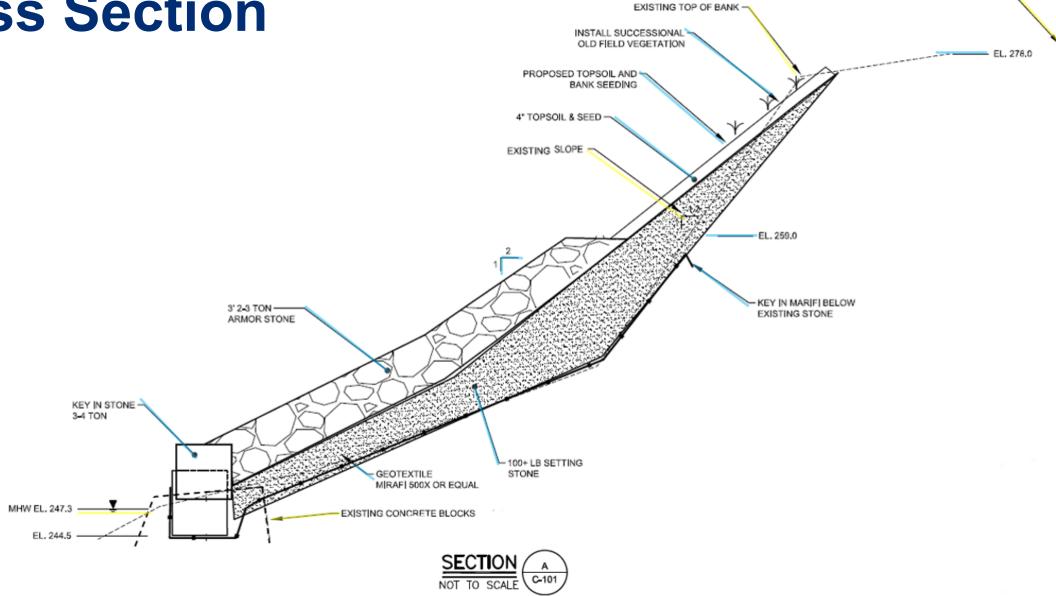
Quantity of material to be used above and below MHWL – No new material will be placed below MHWL





EXISTING DWELLING -

Cross Section



Planting Plan

The bluff above the armor stone will be seeded with a native steep slope mix. The plantings will be maintained by watering and weeding to ensure they become well established. Planting areas that do not survive will be revegetated until they become well established.

Mix Composition

- 31.1% Sorghastrum nutans, NY4 Ecotype (Indiangrass, NY4 Ecotype)
- 20.0% Lolium multiflorum (Annual Ryegrass)
- 14.0% Andropogon gerardii, 'Niagara' (Big Bluestem, 'Niagara')
- 10.0% Elymus canadensis (Canada Wildrye)
- 7.0% Elymus virginicus, Madison-NY Ecotype (Virginia Wildrye, Madison-NY Ecotype)
- 4.0% Agrostis perennans, Albany Pine Bush-NY Ecotype (Autumn Bentgrass, Albany Pine Bush-NY Ecotype)
- 4.0% Panicum virgatum, 'Shawnee' (Switchgrass, 'Shawnee')
- 3.0% Panicum clandestinum, Tioga (Deertongue, Tioga)
- 1.5% Echinacea purpurea (Purple Coneflower)
- 1.3% Chamaecrista fasciculata, PA Ecotype (Partridge Pea, PA Ecotype)
- 1.2% Heliopsis helianthoides, PA Ecotype (Oxeye Sunflower, PA Ecotype)
- 1.0% Coreopsis lanceolata (Lanceleaf Coreopsis)
- 1.0% Rudbeckia hirta (Blackeyed Susan)
- 0.3% Monarda fistulosa, Fort Indiantown Gap-PA Ecotype (Wild Bergamot, Fort Indiantown Gap-PA Ecotype)
- 0.2% Asclepias syriaca (Common Milkweed)
- 0.2% Solidago rugosa, PA Ecotype (Wrinkleleaf Goldenrod, PA Ecotype)
- 0.1% Aster lateriflorus (Calico Aster)
- 0.1% Aster pilosus, PA Ecotype (Heath Aster, PA Ecotype)

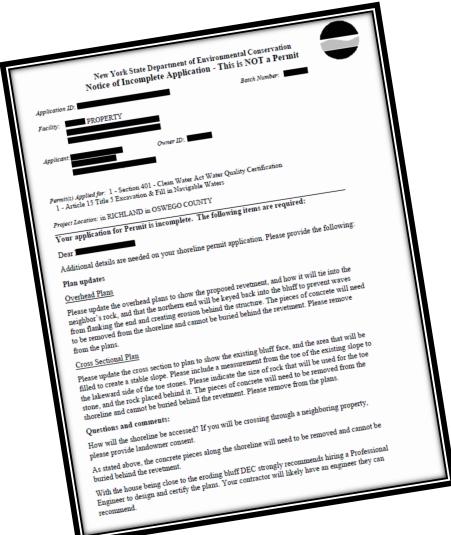


Long-Term Maintenance Plan

The permittee shall periodically inspect the revetment at least once per month and after large storms. Inspections should look for evidence of moved or slipped material, flanking, scour, exposed fabric, or drainage issues. If stones have shifted the permittee shall contact the engineer and contractor to provide required repairs. The DEC shall be contacted prior to making repairs.



Additional Information May be Required



Plan updates

Overhead Plans

Please update the overhead plans to show the proposed revetment, and how it will tie into the neighbor's rock, and that the northern end will be keyed back into the bluff to prevent waves from flanking the end and creating erosion behind the structure. The pieces of concrete will need to be removed from the shoreline and cannot be buried behind the revetment. Please remove from the plans.

Cross Sectional Plan

Please update the cross section to plan to show the existing bluff face, and the area that will be filled to create a stable slope. Please include a measurement from the toe of the existing slope to the lakeward side of the toe stones. Please indicate the size of rock that will be used for the toe stone, and the rock placed behind it. The pieces of concrete will need to be removed from the shoreline and cannot be buried behind the revetment. Please remove from the plans.

Questions and comments:

How will the shoreline be accessed? If you will be crossing through a neighboring property, please provide landowner consent.

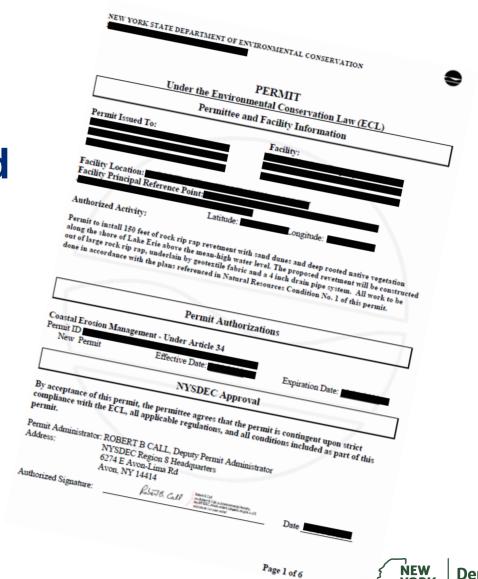
As stated above, the concrete pieces along the shoreline will need to be removed and cannot be buried behind the revetment.

With the house being close to the eroding bluff DEC strongly recommends hiring a Professional Engineer to design and certify the plans. Your contractor will likely have an engineer they can recommend.



Permit Authorization

A permit is issued when all issuance standards are met and when all requested information is submitted





Department of Environmental Conservation

Coordination with DEC

NYSDEC Region 9 Permits:

Lisa Czechowicz 700 Delaware Avenue Buffalo, New York 14209 Dep.r9@dec.ny.gov

716-851-7165

Report Violations:

1-844-DEC-ECOS (1-844-332-3267)

Coastal Program Staff:

Beth Geldard, P.E. 6274 East Avon Lima Road Avon, NY 14414 Beth.Geldard@dec.ny.gov

585-226-5450

Shaimus Ryan 6274 East Avon Lima Road Avon, NY 14414 Shaimus.ryan@dec.ny.gov 585-226-5327



CEHA Resources

- DEC Coastal Management Webpage https://www.dec.ny.gov/lands/28923.html
- CEHA Maps: https://www.dec.ny.gov/fs/projects/coastal
- Homeowner Guidance for Shoreline Management <u>https://www.dec.ny.gov/docs/water_pdf/redicoastal_v11.pdf</u>



Thank You

Beth Geldard, PE

Professional Engineer 1

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Questions?



