# Local Climate and Weather Impacts

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National Weather Service - Buffalo NY - <u>www.weather.gov/buf</u>

<u>Facebook.com/NWSBuffalo</u> on FACEBOOK

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#### **MISSION**

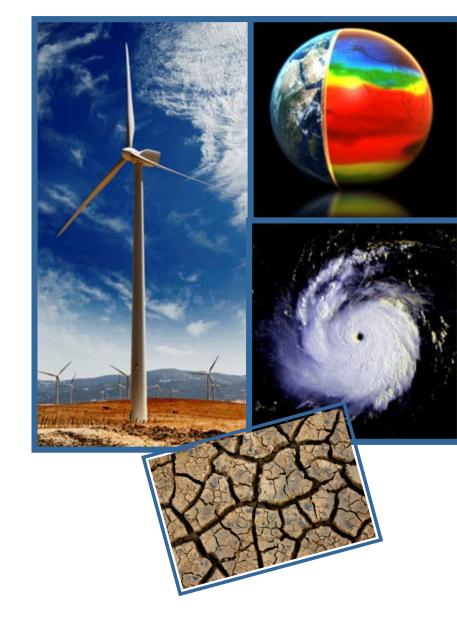
Provide weather, water, and climate data, forecasts and warnings

Protect life and property

Enhance national economy

#### **VISION**

A Weather-Ready Nation: Society is Prepared for and Responds to Weather-Dependent Events





## **Seasonal Conditions**

Finger Lakes Region

#### Winter

- Generally cloudy, cold and snowy
  - May include frequent thaws and rains
  - Snow mainly covers the ground from Christmas through early March however periods of bare ground are not uncommon
  - Lake Ontario modifies extreme cold temperatures
    - On average about six nights below zero

#### Winter

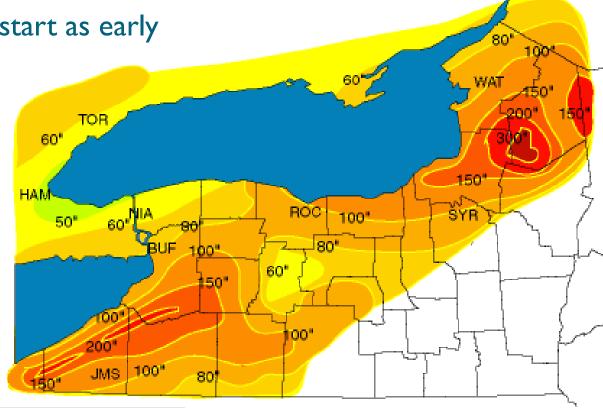
Snowfall averages vary by location

Over half of the annual snowfall comes from "lake effect" processes

Lake effect snow can start as early

as October, usually peaks in late December and

Average Annual Seasonal Snowfall



January

## **Spring**

- Spring comes slowly to the region
- Last frost usually occurs mid to late April
- Spring months are the driest statistically
  - Due in part to the stabilizing effects of the lakes

Sunshine increases markedly in May

Average Date of Last Spring Freeze 1991-2020 Average





#### Summer

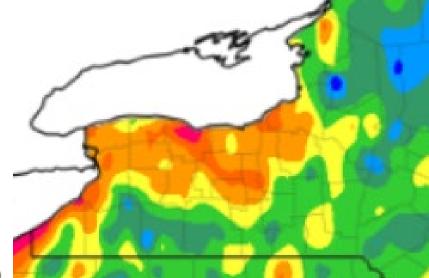
- Summers are beautiful!
  - Warm and sunny across the region
  - Average temperature in the 70 to 73 degree range
  - There usually are several periods of uncomfortably warm and muggy weather
    - About five days reach the 90 degree mark
- Rain can be expected every third or fourth day
  - Mainly in the form of showers and thunderstorms
  - More common inland than along the lakeshore
  - As the lakes warm, nighttime thunderstorms are often a feature of late summer
- Completely overcast days are rare

#### **Autumn**

- Pleasant, mild and dry through October
- Colder air masses across the Lakes brings a dramatic increase in cloud cover and first lake effect snows by mid-November

Early snows generally melt off quickly

Average Date of First Fall Freeze 1991-2020 Average



#### Severe Weather

Finger Lakes Region

#### **Summer Convective Weather**

- Thunderstorm Winds damage producing or ≥ 50 knots
  - ▶ 10 to 15 days per year
  - Estimated \$700,000 damage each year
  - Last 20 Years:
    - ▶ 2 deaths (June 2014 Phelps) and 7 injuries
- Hail
  - ▶ 3 to 5 events per year
  - Largest Hail reported in last ten years
    - ▶ 2.00" Livingston Co August 2020
    - ▶ 2.00" Ontario Co May 2013
    - ≥ 2.00" Tompkins Co May 2012

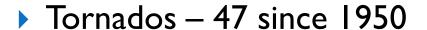


- Lightning
  - Last 20 years:
    - ▶ I Death / 12 Injuries
    - There have been several lightning-sparked fires

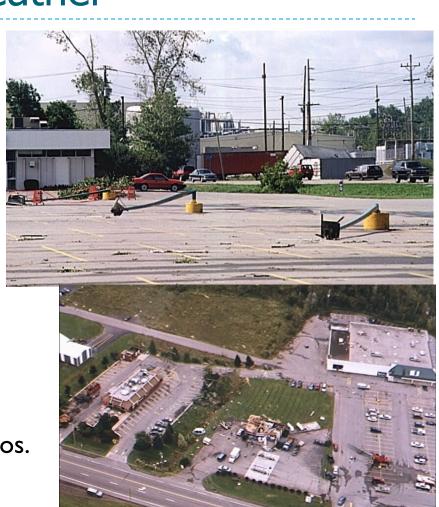
#### **Summer Convective Weather**

#### Derechos

- Long lived high wind event
- Occurs about once every10 to 20 years
- "Labor Day Derecho" 1998



- Most recent:
  - ▶ 2021 Tompkins and Livingston Cos.
  - ▶ 2020 Monroe Co
  - ▶ 2018 Yates Co



#### Winter Weather

- Winter Weather
  - Snow Storms about three times per year
  - Blizzards
    - About once every 10-15 years
      - Most Recent:
        - March 2014
  - Ice Storms
    - About once every 5 to 10 years
      - Most recent:
        - □ April 2018
        - □ December 2013
        - March 2008
        - □ January 2007
      - □ Mostly costly: March 1991





Photos credit: Rochester D&C

# Flooding

- Floods/Flash Floods
  - Five to ten events per year
  - Floods can occur any time of year
    - Winter/Spring ice jams, snowmelt and/or heavy rain with large storm systems
    - Spring/Summer slow moving thunderstorms
    - Summer/Fall Tropical Storms



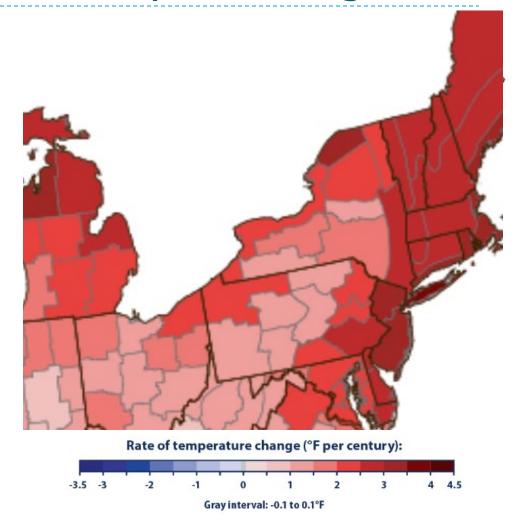
# Climate Change

## Global Warming vs. Climate Change

- The term **Global Warming** refers to the observation that the atmosphere near the Earth's surface is warming, without any implications for the cause or magnitude.
- ▶ Climate change is the departure from the expected average weather for a given place and time of year.

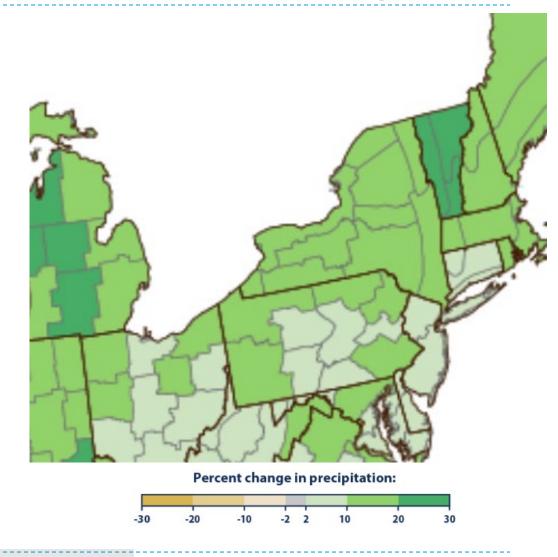
## ▶ Temperatures:

- Winter warmer and fewer cold days and nights
- Summer hotter and more frequent hot days/nights and heat waves



# Precipitation:

Regions that already experience long-duration droughts (such as the Southwestern U.S.) will likely see the area affected increase.



#### Precipitation:

- Extreme rainfall events in the Great Lakes have increased over the last century and these trends are expected to continue.
- Increased precipitation will continue to lead to flooding, erosion, declining water quality
  - Which could also lead to injuries, drownings and other flooding related effects on health



- ▶ Hurricanes: More intense hurricanes
- Observations indicate an increase in hurricane intensity in the Atlantic and West Pacific



# What about regional temperatures changes?

(Rochester Airport Climate Normals)

MAX		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Annua
	1981-2010	31.7	34.1	42.8	56.0	67.6	76.6	81.0	79.1	71.6	59.6	48.0	36.5	57.2
	1991-2020	33.4	35.2	43.6	56.6	69.4	77.9	82.5	80.5	73.6	61.2	49.1	38.5	58.4
		1.7	1.1	0.8	0.6	1.8	1.3	1.5	1.4	2.0	1.6	1.1	2.0	1.2
MIN		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Annua
	1981-2010	17.6	18.6	25.8	36.6	46.3	55.9	60.7	59.5	52.0	41.5	33.0	23.5	39.3
	1991-2020	19.0	19.6	26.8	37.1	48.2	57.4	62.2	61.0	53.6	43.3	34.0	25.4	40.6
		1.4	1.0	1.0	0.5	1.9	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.8	1.0	1.9	1.3
Mean		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Annua
	1981-2010	24.7	26.4	34.3	46.3	57.0	66.2	70.8	69.3	61.8	50.6	40.5	30.0	48.2
	1991-2020	26.2	27.4	35.2	46.8	58.8	67.6	72.3	70.7	63.6	52.2	41.5	32.0	49.5
		1.5	1.0	0.9	0.5	1.8	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.8	1.6	1.0	2.0	1.3

**Positive Change** 

**Negative Change** 

No Change



# What about regional precipitation changes?

(Rochester Airport Climate Normals)

Precipitation		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Annual
	1981-2010	2.41	1.95	2.50	2.73	2.87	3.34	3.33	3.47	3.38	2.72	2.94	2.63	34.27
	1991-2020	2.55	2.13	2.49	2.99	2.86	3.37	3.56	3.31	3.18	3.22	2.76	2.67	35.09
		0.14	0.18	-0.01	0.26	-0.01	0.03	0.23	-0.16	-0.20	0.50	-0.18	0.04	0.82
Snow		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Annual
	1981-2010	28.2	21.5	16.3	3.9	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	7.3	21.8	99.5
	1991-2020	27.4	23.1	17.9	3.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	8.1	22.3	102.0
		-0.8	1.6	1.6	-0.9	-0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.5	2.5

Increase

Decrease

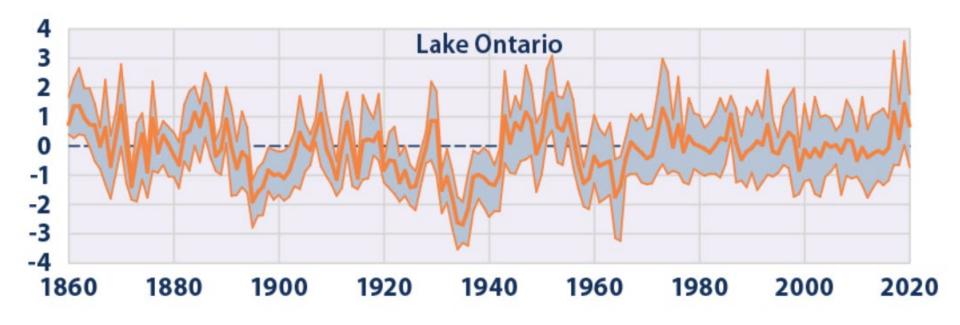
No Change

# Length of the Growing Season



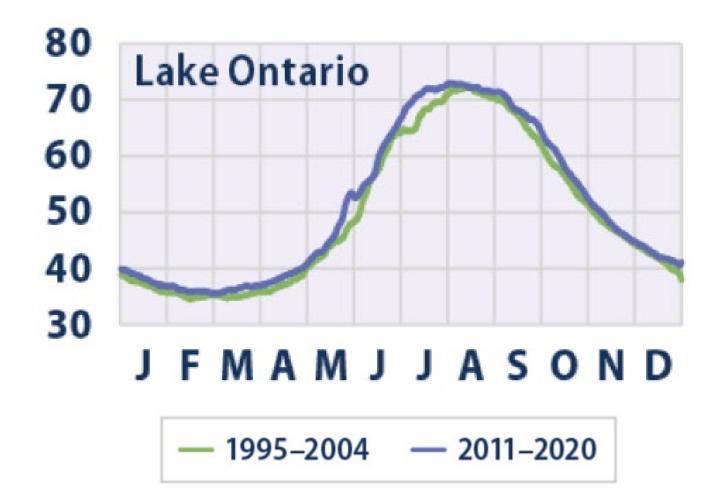
https://www.epa.gov/climate-indicators/climate-change-indicators-length-growing-season

#### Lake Ontario – Water Levels

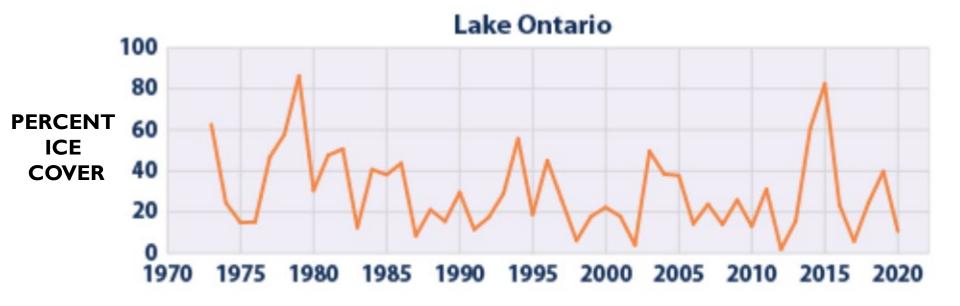


https://www.epa.gov/climate-indicators/great-lakes

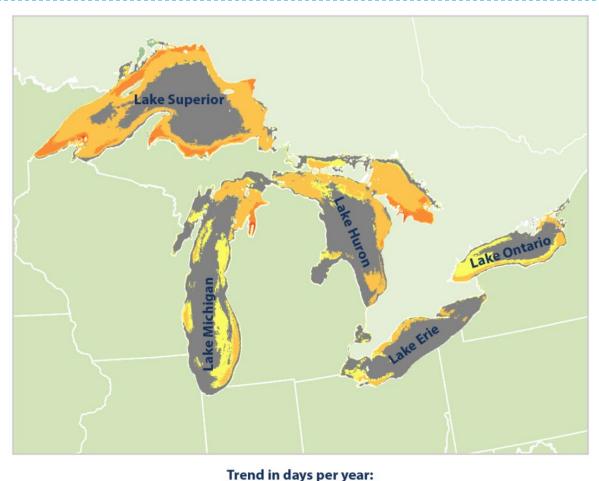
## Lake Ontario Temperatures

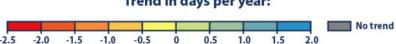


#### Lake Ontario Ice Cover

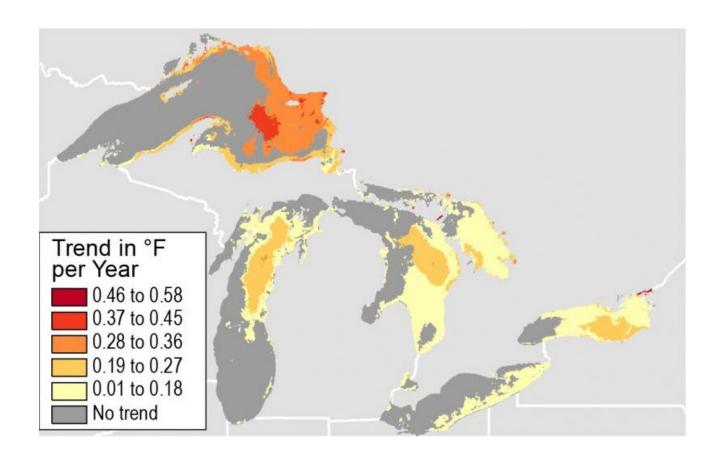


# Changes in Ice Cover Duration 1973-2019





# Changes in Summer Surface Water Temperature 1994-2013



# Regional Climate Changes in the Great Lakes and Northeast: Summary



- More heat waves
- More frequent severe flooding
- Increase in amount of lake effect snow
- Air quality worsens
- Crop, livestock, forest and floodplain management practices must adapt

#### **QUESTIONS?**



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#### **Reference websites:**

- climate.gov
- heat.gov
- drought.gov
- toolkit.climate.gov
- epa.gov/climate-indicators