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Hydrilla treatment starts in Cayuga Inlet

More eradication work coming in spring in larger area



Stephen Wilson, top and Shane VanAlstyne of Allied Biological disperse the commercial herbicide Aquathol K through lines in the bottom of a fan boat Tuesday morning between the Route 96, background and Route 89 bridges in Ithaca. / SIMON WHEELER / STAFF PHOTO



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Local News News Ithaca -- A little green plant called hydrilla has the power to temporarily close down boating in the Cayuga Inlet, has warranted a declaration of a state of emergency in the City of Ithaca, and will cost nearly \$100,000 in county, municipal and state funds this season.

Tuesday, crews from Allied Biological Inc., a lake management and wetland restoration consulting firm headquartered in New Jersey, applied the first round of the herbicide Aquathol K, which is

expected to disrupt the hydrilla's reproductive process this fall and prevent it from spreading. A second round is planned Wednesday.

But the fight against the invasive plant will not end there, as the

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herbicide will only kill the leaves, stalks and turions, or buds. The plant's tubers will remain alive in the inlet's sediment.

Eradication efforts will have to wait until next spring, said aquatic biologist Bob Johnson. Not only that, Johnson said the task force members have no doubt fragments of the plant have been carried out to the lake itself, especially after the Labor Day-week rain. That means future efforts to beat back the spread of hydrilla will have to focus on a much wider area than the 95 acres currently permitted by the state Department of Environmental

Conservation for herbicide application.

The invasive aquatic plant went from unheard-of in Ithaca to the top of several agencies' to-do lists after a chance discovery of a hydrilla bed in mid-August by a participant in a floating classroom. A subsequent survey of the area revealed that there are beds up and down the inlet.

A task force quickly formed to handle the infestation, including the City of Ithaca, Tompkins County, Cornell Cooperative Extension, the New York Invasive Species Research Institute, the Cayuga Watershed Network, and the New York Sea Grant. The DEC is helping with the initial response.

Aquathol K, with its active ingredient endothall, is not toxic to animals or humans in the concentration it will be used in the inlet, according to an information sheet prepared by the Cayuga Inlet Hydrilla Task Force and available on Cornell Cooperative Extension's website. Johnson said the chemical begins to disburse and break down quickly after being applied beneath the water surface. In each application, the chemical will be diluted to 1.5 parts per million.

But as a precaution, use of the water in the inlet will be prohibited for drinking for two weeks, and for swimming and bathing for 24 hours.

The city is also asking that no one fish in the inlet, so as to avoid disturbing the hydrilla and risking facilitating its spread. However, there is no restriction on catching or eating fish from treated waters.

Online: ccetompkins.org/environment/invasive-species/fighting-hydrilla.